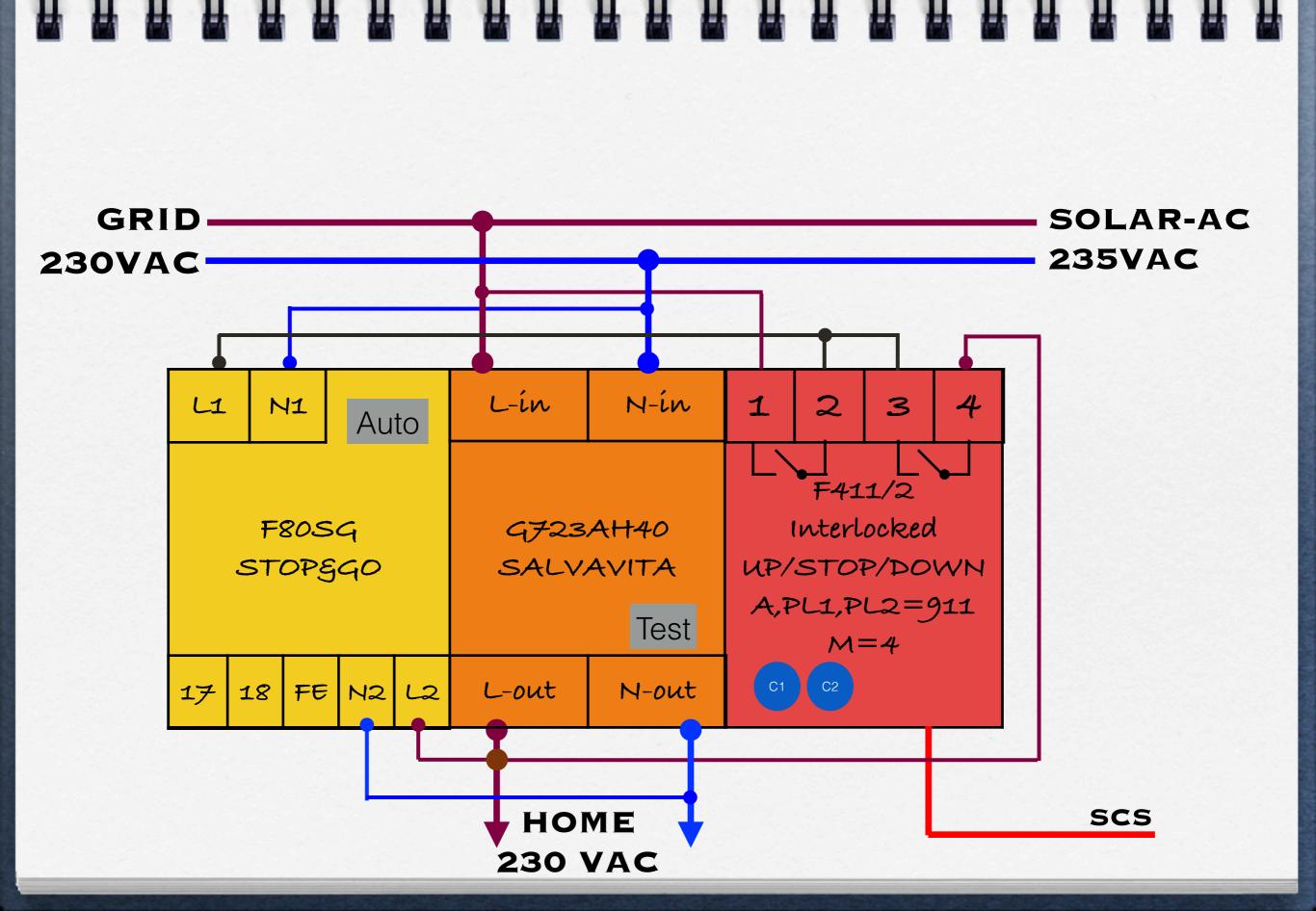


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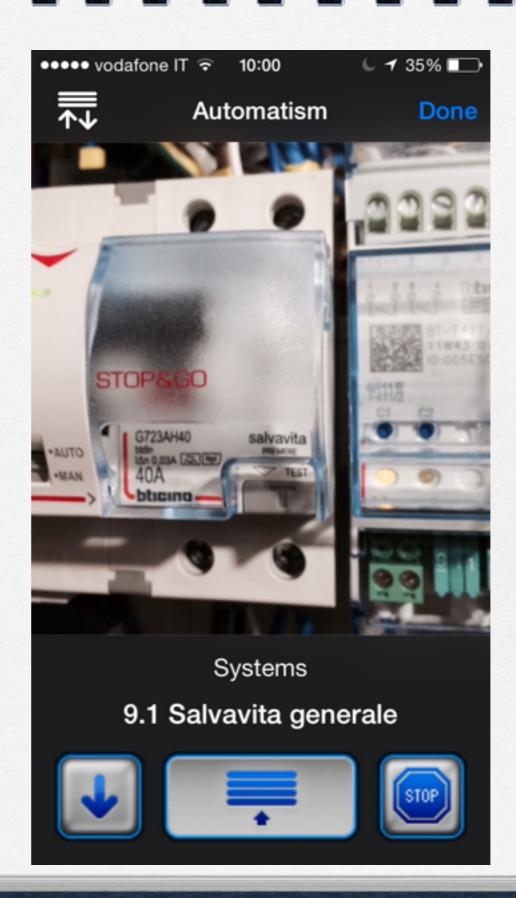


STOP&GO DIAGRAM

The Stopggo consists of a motor (F80SG) to close the differential protection device after a temporary fault. The differential is also known by the names of GFI (Ground Fault Interrupt) in USA, and as Salvavita in Italy. We have added an actuator (F411/2) to enable, disable, and open the GFI.



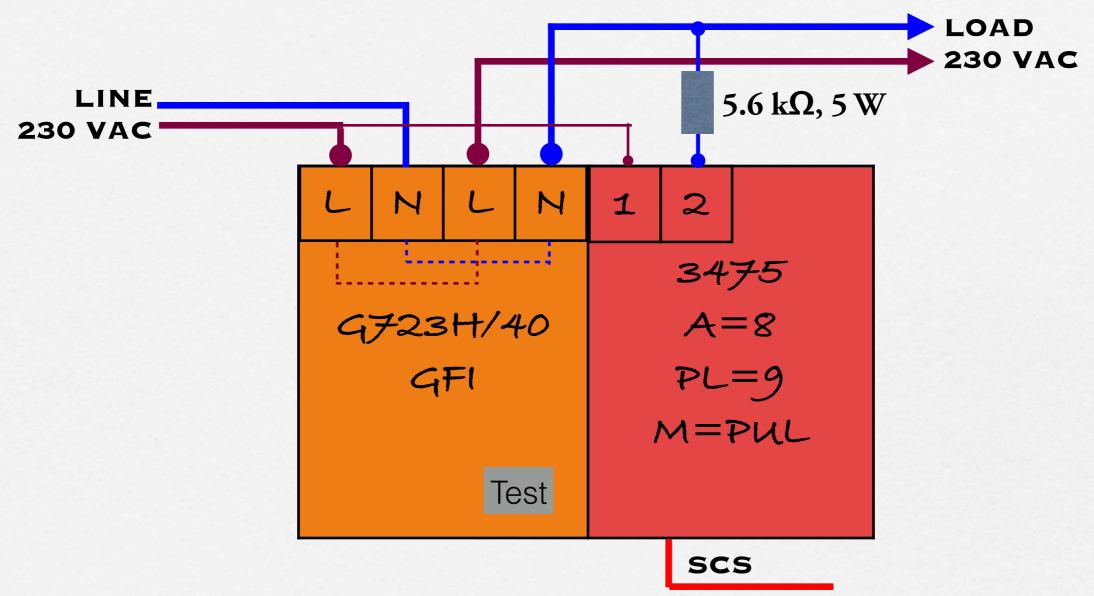
iMyHome Screenshot



Stop&GO Additional Requirements

- Open GFI (Ground Fault Interrupter) with an SCS shutter DOWN command.
- Close GFI with an SCS shutter UP command.
- O Control GFI with MH200N and F420 scenarios, 3486 alarm central, iPhone, Touch Screen, and simple commands.

STOP DIAGRAM



GFI = GROUND FAULT INTERRUPTER, MEASURES THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE CURRENTS IN THE LINE AND RETURN WIRES.

Links (In Italian)

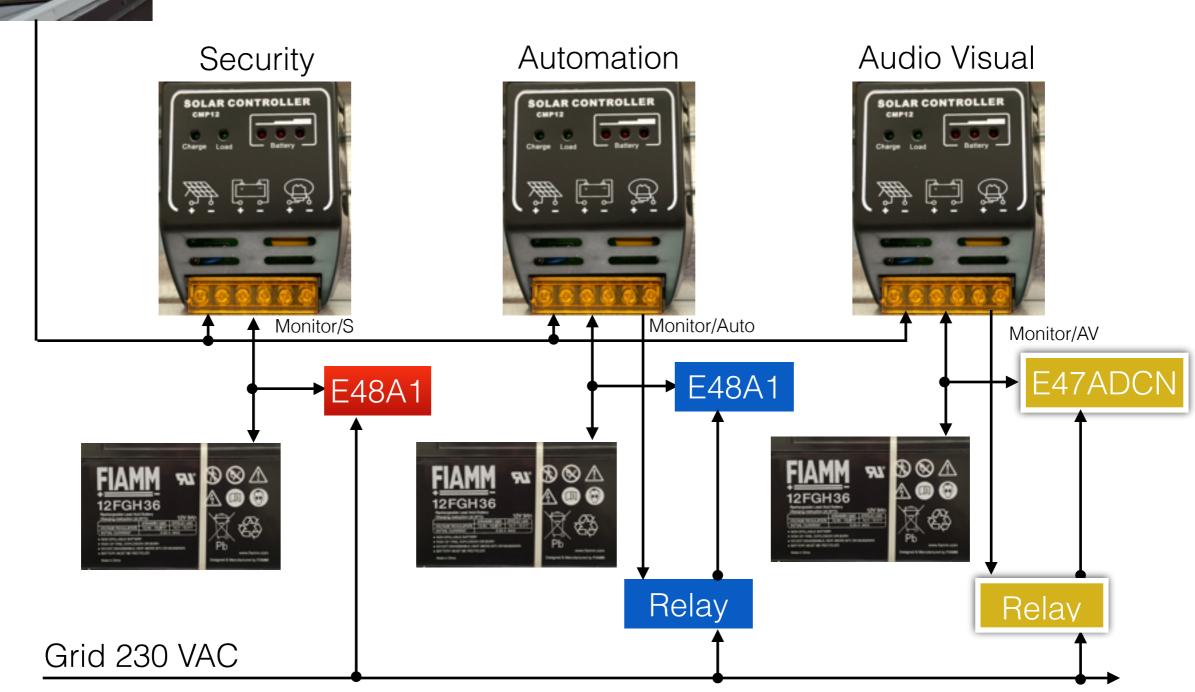
- □ Stops Go with My Home -1 Introduction
- O Stops Go with My Home 2 Blackout
- How to open a GFI with MyHome remotely



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Solar Charge System



Power Supply Requirements

- An home automation system has several subsystems that work independently.
- Each subsystem has its own power supply, a backup battery or a UPS.
- A full system requires several power supplies with UPS each to continue working during short power failures.

Energy Savings Requirements

- Solar cell panels charge backup batteries daily.
- One solar cell system must charge several subsystems simultaneously.
- Each battery must have its own controller to switch back to the grid in case of a malfunction.

Power Supply Policies

- Security: The backup battery must be always charged ready for a blackout.
- Automation: The system is charged by the grid only when needed, and it may run mainly with the energy generated from the solar cell panel.
- AudioVisual: power supply is connected only when the system is in use. Solar chargers are used during the day to charged backup battery.